## **Trauma-Informed Policy Development Checklist**

This checklist is designed to help organisations embed trauma-informed principles into their policies and assess alignment with trauma-informed values. Following these steps ensures policies promote safety, trust, and inclusivity.

## 1. Preparation and Understanding

#### Assess Organisational Readiness:

- o Review existing policies for alignment with trauma-informed principles.
- Identify gaps or inconsistencies that may hinder a trauma-informed approach.

## Engage Key Stakeholders:

- o Include leadership, staff, and service users in policy development.
- o Gather feedback from individuals with lived experience of trauma.

#### • Train Teams on Trauma Awareness:

o Provide foundational training on trauma-informed practices for all staff.

## 2. Embedding Trauma-Informed Principles

## Safety:

- o Ensure policies prioritise physical, emotional, and psychological safety.
- o Include guidelines for creating supportive and non-threatening environments.

## • Trustworthiness and Transparency:

- o Develop policies that promote honest and consistent communication.
- Specify mechanisms for accountability and transparency in decision-making.

### • Empowerment and Choice:

- o Include policies that support individual autonomy and self-determination.
- o Ensure service users and staff have input in processes affecting them.

#### Collaboration:

- o Foster teamwork and co-production in policy implementation.
- Specify processes for engaging diverse voices and perspectives.

#### Inclusivity and Equity:

- Address systemic inequalities and barriers to participation.
- Ensure policies respect cultural, gender, and individual diversity.

## 3. Key Indicators for Policy Alignment

### • Trauma Awareness:

o Policies explicitly reference trauma-informed principles and values.

 Guidelines reflect an understanding of trauma's impact on individuals and communities.

## Accessibility:

- o Policies are written in clear, accessible language.
- Provisions are made for individuals with varying needs (e.g., language barriers, disabilities).

## • Staff Support:

- o Include measures to prevent and address secondary trauma and burnout.
- o Provide ongoing training and mental health resources for employees.

## • Feedback Mechanisms:

- Policies outline processes for collecting and acting on feedback from staff and service users.
- o Include mechanisms for reviewing and updating policies regularly.

### 4. Policy Development Process

#### Draft and Review:

- o Draft policies with input from cross-functional teams and stakeholders.
- o Conduct reviews to ensure alignment with trauma-informed principles.

## Pilot and Adjust:

- o Implement policies on a small scale to identify challenges and gaps.
- o Use insights from pilot phases to refine and finalise policies.

## Adopt and Communicate:

- o Roll out policies organisation-wide with clear communication plans.
- Provide training sessions to ensure understanding and compliance.

#### 5. Monitoring and Evaluation

## Set Measurable Goals:

- Define outcomes related to safety, trust, and equity.
- Use metrics to track progress and identify areas for improvement.

# Regular Reviews:

- o Schedule periodic reviews to assess policy effectiveness.
- Engage stakeholders in evaluating alignment with trauma-informed values.

## • Continuous Improvement:

Update policies based on evaluation findings and emerging best practices.